

## Week 11: New Words

**Day 1:** New word: the verb “to be” also known as “I am”

- εἶμί
- Pronounced like this: i (long i)-me
- It looks like this when parsed in Present Active Indicative:

PIA	singular	plural
first person	εἶμί I am	ἐσμέν we are
second person	εἶ you (singular) are	ἐστέ you (plural) are
third person	ἐστί(ν) he/she/it is	εἰσί(ν) they are
	infinitive =>	εἶναι to be

**Day 2:** New word: I take, receive

- λαμβάνω
- Pronounced like this: lam (short a as in “ah”)-ba (short a)-no
- It will be parsed with the normal Present Active Indicative endings (see #7 below)
- This verb can mean take or receive. You will be able to tell which one from the context of the sentence (the best meaning of the sentence).

**Day 3:** New word: I hear

- ἀκούω
- Pronounced like this: a (short a)-coo (as in “cool”)-o (long o)
- It will be parsed with the normal Present Active Indicative endings (see #7 below)

**Day 4:** New word: father

- πατήρ, ὁ
- Pronounced like this: pa (short a as in “ah”)-tar (as in you “tear” a piece of paper in half)
- Notice that it is masculine because it has a masculine definite article

**Day 5:** New word: day

- ἡμέρα, ἡ
- Pronounced like this: hay-me (as in “Mary”)-ra (as in “rush”)

- Notice that it is feminine because it has a feminine definite article

**Day 6:** Weekly Exercises

1. ἀκούω Θεός.
2. ἀκούομεν Θεός.
3. εἰμί Ἰησοῦς.
4. ἐστί Ἰησοῦς.
5. ἀκούω Θεός καί ὁ δοῦλος.
6. εἶ ὁ πατήρ.
7. εἶ πατήρ.
8. λαμβάνετε ὁ ἰχθύς.
9. Spell: λαμβανετε
10. Spell: ακουω

**Answers**

1. I hear God.
2. We hear God.
3. I am Jesus.
4. He is Jesus.
5. I hear God and the servant.
6. You (singular) are the father.
7. You (singular) are a father.
8. You (plural) take (or receive) the fish.
9. lambda-alpha-mu-beta-alpha-vu-epsilon-tau-epsilon
10. alpha-kappa-omicron-upsilon-omega

**What you have learned so far**

1. Alphabet

Greek small	Greek capital		English
α	Α	alpha	short a
β	Β	beta	b
γ	Γ	gamma	g
δ	Δ	delta	d
ε	Ε	epsilon	short e
ζ	Ζ	zeta	z
η	Η	eta	ay
θ	Θ	theta	th

ι	Ι	iota	i/ee
κ	Κ	kappa	k
λ	Λ	lambda	l
μ	Μ	mu	m
ν	Ν	nu	n
ξ	Ξ	xi	x
ο	Ο	omicron	o
π	Π	pi	p
ρ	Ρ	rho	r
σ ς	Σ	sigma	s
τ	Τ	tau	t
υ	Υ	upsilon	u
ψ	Ψ	phi	ph
χ	Χ	chi	ch
φ	Φ	psi	ps
ω	Ω	omega	long o

2. Breathing marks and “h” sound: week 2

3. Accents: week 2

4. Diphthongs from letters we have covered so far:

- εἰ οἰ ου υἱ

- You can memorize them if you want. Or you can wait and I will tell you if each new word has a diphthong or not.

5. Definite article

- ὁ This is the masculine definite article and will be in front of masculine nouns.

- ἡ This is the feminine definite article and will be in front of feminine nouns.

- τό This is the neuter definite article and will be in front of neuter nouns.

6. “A”

- Greek does not have a word for “a”

7. Present Active Indicative endings

PIA	singular	plural
first person	ἔχω I have I am having	ἔχομεν we have we are having

second person	ἔχεις you (singular) have you are having	ἔχετε you (plural) have you are having
third person	ἔχει he/she/it has he/she/it is having	ἔχουσι(ν) they have they are having
	infinitive =>	ἔχειν to have

8. Present active indicative of εἶμι.

PIA	singular	plural
first person	εἶμι I am	ἐσμέν we are
second person	εἶ you (singular) are	ἐστέ you (plural) are
third person	ἐστί(ν) he/she/it is	εἰσί(ν) they are
	infinitive =>	εἶναι to be

**Vocabulary** (this will always be in alphabetical order)

ἀδελφός, ὁ brother

ἄγγελος, ὁ messenger, angel

ἀκούω I hear

ἄνθρωπος, ὁ man/human/person/human being

δοῦλος, ὁ servant/slave

εἶμι I am

ἔχω I have

ἢ or

ἡμέρα, ἡ day

θεός, ὁ God

Ἰησοῦς Jesus

ἰχθύς, ὁ fish

καί and

καρπός, ὁ fruit

κρίνω I judge

λαμβάνω I take, receive

λέγω I say or I speak

λόγος, ὁ word

οὐ, οὐκ, οὐχ not before a consonant, before smooth breathing, before rough breathing

πατήρ, ὁ father

σωτήρ savior

υἱός, ὁ son

Χριστός, ὁ Christ